Synthesis and Structures of Rh and Ru Metal Complexes of o-Benzoquinonediimine and Diiminosuccinonitrile*

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Transition metal complexes with delocalized ground states, e.g. the complexes of o-benzoquinonediimine and diiminosuccinonitrile, are of considerable interest owing to their unusual spectroscopic, magnetic, redox, and structural properties. A few Ru complexes of o-benzoquinonedilmine have been reported [1-3], but only [Ru(bqdi)(bipy)₂](PF₆)₂ has been structurally characterized [3]. Here we report the synthesis and Rh and Ru metal complexes of o-benzoquinonediimine and diiminosuccinonitrile, and the structural analysis of [Rh^{II}(PPh₃)₂Cl(sbqdi)] and [Ru^{II}(disn)Cl₂(CH₃CN)₂]. Reaction of the Wilkinson's catalyst, RhCl(PPh₃)₃, with o-phenylenediamine or diaminomaleonitrile in the presence of air in CH₃CN leads to a rapid formation of a crystalline, air-stable green solid 1. The metal-assisted ligand oxidations [4, 5] occur after the ligand substitutions as follows:

$$[Rh^{I}Cl(PPh_{3})_{3}] \xrightarrow{L} [Rh^{I}Cl(PPh_{3})_{2}L] \xrightarrow{O_{2}}$$

$$[Rh^{II}Cl(PPh_{3})L']$$

$$1$$

L = opda or damn; L' = s-bqdi or s-disn.

Complexes (1) show the following pertinent spectroscopic data: [Rh^{II}Cl(PPh_3)_2(s-bqdi)] ν_{N-H} at 3335, 3290, 3260 cm⁻¹; [Rh^{II}Cl(PPh_3)_2(s-disn)] ν_{N-H} at 3340, 3325, 3230 cm⁻¹ and $\nu_{C\equiv N}$ at 2205 cm⁻¹, visible absorptions at 650 nm (5.17 \times 10³), 500 nm (2.01 \times 10³) and 390 nm (3.69 \times 10³).

The crystal structure of [Rh^{II}(PPh₃)₂Cl(s-bqdi)] is shown in Fig. 1. The Rh atom is bound to two phosphorus atoms of triphenylphosphine, one chlorine atom, and two nitrogen atoms of semi-obenzoquinonediimine, and has a coordination

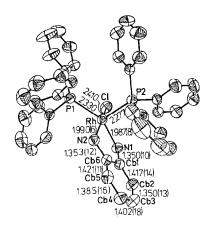


Fig. 1. ORTEP Drawing of [Rh^{II}Cl(PPh₃)₂Cl(s-bqdi)] in the crystal. Space group $P2_1/c$, a = 13.608(3), b = 18.704(6), c = 18.238(6) Å, $\beta = 115.23(2)^\circ$, Z = 4; 3380 reflections with $F > 3\sigma(F)$, 433 parameters, R = 4.3%, $R_w = 4.4\%$.

geometry between a square pyramid (P2 as apex) and a trigonal bipyramid (Cl and N2 as apices). The main interest with this structure is the bonding of the semio-benzoquinonediimine ligand. The lengths of the C-N bonds (av. 1.351 Å) and their conjugated C-C bonds (av. 1.367 Å) are very close to those in [Ni^{II}(s-bqdi)₂] [6], [Co^{II}(s-bqdi)₂] [7] and [Co^{III}Cl(s-bqdi)₂] [7] which have pronounced delocalized electronic structures, but longer than in [Fe^{II}(bqdi)₃]²⁺ [7] which has a localized double bond arrangement (C-N, 1300 Å; C-C, 1.339 Å). Very few monomeric Rh^{II} complexes have been characterized.

The reaction of RuCl₃·(H₂O)_x with diamino-maleonitrile or o-phenylenediamine in CH₃CN leads to the formation of a wine-red solution. Red crystals were obtained after adding water to the solution. The complex [RuCl₂(CH₃CN)₂(disn)]·(H₂O) has the following spectroscopic data: IR at 3385 (ν_{O-H}), 3140, and 3160 (ν_{N-H}), 2240 and 2233 cm⁻¹ ($\nu_{C\equiv N}$) visible absorptions at 517 nm (6.56 × 10³), 360 nm (6.59 × 10³) and 315 nm (6.81 × 10³).

The results of the X-ray structural analysis for the complex [Ru^{II}Cl₂(disn)(CH₃CN)₂] are shown in Fig. 2. The Ru atom has a slightly distorted octahedral coordination. The 'bite' of the diiminosuccinonitrile is such that the N-Ru-N angle is compressed from 90° to 79°. This distortion results in the remaining ligand-Ru-ligand angles deviating from 90°. The very short Ru-N distances (1.968 Å) indicate strong bonding between the Ru^{II} and the diiminosuccinonitrile ligand. The bonding in the diiminosuccinonitrile ligand is of particular interest. The two imine C-N bonds (av. 1.304 Å) are short, consistent with their identification as localized double bonds. The bond length of C1-C2 (1.433 Å) is only slightly shorter than the value of a C-C single bond in cyclo-

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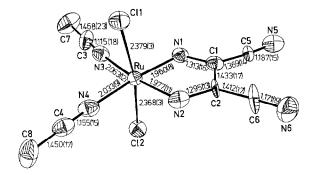


Fig. 2. ORTEP Drawing of [Ru^{II}Cl₂(CH₃CN)₂(disn)] in the crystal. Space group $P2_1/a$, a=13.709(11), b=9.819(5), c=10.980(8) Å, $\beta=105.32^{\circ}$, Z=4; 1943 reflections with $F>6\sigma(F)$, 163 parameters, R=7.7%, $R_{w}=6.5\%$. The crystals might be multiple; ω scan was used for data collection, and a high cut-off for unobserved reflections was applied.

octatetraene (1.46 Å). The ligand has a more localized electronic state than in other complexes of semi- (or anionic) diiminosuccinonitrile, e.g. [Ni^{II}(s-

disn)₂] [8], [Co^{III}(CN)(s-disn)₂] [9], [Co^I(s-disn)₂]⁻ [10]. This is the first structural report on a neutral diiminosuccinonitrile complex.

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