

附件一

行政院國家科學委員會補助專題研究計畫

成果報告

期中進度報告

(計畫名稱)

正常極小曲面的模空間

計畫類別： 個別型計畫 整合型計畫

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計畫參與人員：

成果報告類型(依經費核定清單規定繳交)： 精簡報告 完整報告

本成果報告包括以下應繳交之附件：

赴國外出差或研習心得報告一份

赴大陸地區出差或研習心得報告一份

出席國際學術會議心得報告及發表之論文各一份

國際合作研究計畫國外研究報告書一份

處理方式：除產學合作研究計畫、提升產業技術及人才培育研究計畫、
列管計畫及下列情形者外，得立即公開查詢

涉及專利或其他智慧財產權， 一年 二年後可公開查詢

執行單位：七校聯合

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REPRESENTING RIEMANN'S MINIMAL SURFACE BY WEIERSTRASS ζ FUNCTION

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It is more desirable to represent Weierstrass data of a minimal surface by Weierstrass ζ function rather than by complex integration. For example, Alfred Gray [1] figured out that the Costa minimal surface is given explicitly by

$$\begin{aligned}x &= \frac{1}{2}\Re\left\{-\zeta(u+iv) + \pi u + \frac{\pi^2}{4e_1} + \frac{\pi}{2e_1}[\zeta(u+iv - \frac{1}{2}) - \zeta(u+iv - \frac{1}{2}i)]\right\} \\y &= \frac{1}{2}\Re\left\{-i\zeta(u+iv) + \pi v + \frac{\pi^2}{4e_1} - \frac{\pi}{2e_1}[i\zeta(u+iv - \frac{1}{2}) - i\zeta(u+iv - \frac{1}{2}i)]\right\} \\z &= \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{2\pi}\log\left|\frac{\mathfrak{P}(u+iv) - e_1}{\mathfrak{P}(u+iv) + e_1}\right|\end{aligned}$$

For Riemann's minimal surface parametrized by unit square,

$$\begin{aligned}g &= z = \mathfrak{P}(u) \\w = \mathfrak{P}' &= \frac{dz}{du} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{z(1-z)(1+z)}} \\&\eta = \frac{du}{\mathfrak{P}} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{dz}{w}\end{aligned}$$

therefore

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 &= \Re\int \frac{1}{2}(1-g^2)\eta = \Re\int \frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{1}{\mathfrak{P}(u)} - \mathfrak{P}(u)\right]du \\x_2 &= \Re\int \frac{i}{2}(1+g^2)\eta = \Re\int \frac{i}{2}\left[\frac{1}{\mathfrak{P}(u)} + \mathfrak{P}(u)\right]du \\x_3 &= \Re\int g\eta = \Re u\end{aligned}$$

To figure out $\int du/\mathfrak{P}$, we note

$$\int du/\mathfrak{P} = \int \frac{1}{z} \frac{dz}{w} = \int \frac{1}{z} \frac{dz}{\sqrt{z(1-z)(1+z)}}$$

let $z \rightarrow \frac{1}{z}$,

$$\int z \frac{-dz/z^2}{\sqrt{1/z(1-1/z)(1+1/z)}} = \int z \frac{-dz}{\sqrt{z(z-1)(z+1)}} = i \int z \frac{dz}{w}$$

that is the Weierstrass ζ function. Similar formulae can be derived for Toubiana's generalizations [1] of riemann minimal surface, which are also bounded by two straight lines but have self intersections.

REFERENCES

- [1] Gray (Ferguson et al. 1996, Gray 1997), <http://mathworld.wolfram.com/CostaMinimalSurface.html>.
- [2] E. Toubiana, *On minimal surfaces of riemann.*, Comment. Math. Helvetici **67** (1992), 546-570.